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Brixworth Rural District Council

■

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH

FOR THE

Year 1948

■

Printed by Jos. Tebbutt Swan Press Ltd , Northampton

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SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS.

Area (in acres)	82,944
Population	18,020
Number of Separate Dwellings occupied	5,031
Rateable Value 1948 (April)	£93,720
Product of a Penny Rate	£3 85 8 8

Live Births.	*Total*	*Male*	*Female*	*Rate*
Legitimate	253	118	135	**14·54**
Illegitimate	9	5	4	
	262	123	139	

Still Births.	*Total*	*Male*	*Female*	*Rate*
Legitimate	9	5	4	**0·61**
Illegitimate	2	1	1	
	11	6	5	

	Total	*Male*	*Female*	*Rate*
Deaths (all causes)	212	108	104	**11·76**
Deaths from Puerperal Causes				
Puerperal and post abortive sepsis				Nil
Other Puerperal causes				Nil
Infant Mortality—(rate per 1,000 live births)				
Legitimate	5	5	—	**21·97**
Illegitimate	1	1	—	**3·66**
	6	6	—	**25·63**

Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	23
,, ,, Measles (all ages)	Nil
,, ,, Whooping Cough (all ages)	Nil
,, ,, Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	Nil

Brixworth Rural District Council

Members of the Public Health Committee :

Mr. W. Wood (Chairman), Mr. O. E. P. Wyatt, Mr. N. Heeps, Mr. T. Y. Castell, J.P., Mr. F. W. Nightingale, Mrs. V. G. Borwick, Mr. A. S. Tarrant, Mrs. St. John Mildmay, Mr. S. Green, Mr. W. A. Holland, Mr. H. Kimbell, Mr. E. T. Gardner, Mr. C. H. Graveley, Rev. J. Hotine, Hon. Mrs. Macdonald-Buchanan, Mr. T. W. Ward, Mrs. D. M. Barwell-Ewins, J.P., Mr. G. G. Carruthers, Mr. L. Cave, Mr. T. H. Spokes.

Public Health Officers of the Local Authority.

Medical Officer of Health :

Post vacant at present.

Senior Sanitary Inspector :

F. A. Russell, F.F.S., M.S.I.A.

Assistant Sanitary Inspector :

R. S. Linley.

To the Chairman and Councillors of the Rural District of Brixworth

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

As the post of Medical Officer of Health is at present vacant, I have to submit the Annual Report on the health and sanitary circumstances of the rural district for the year 1948.

The health of the people in the district, as far as can be judged by vital statistics, has remained satisfactory. The birth rate of 15·15 per thousand was rather less than the rate for the country, but is above the pre-war rates ; further, too much weight should not be given to small variations in this rate from one year to another, but attention should rather be paid to the trend of the rate over a period of years. The death rate of 11·76 per thousand is satisfactory, but the rate may well rise as the proportion of old people in the district increases. From the table on page 8 it will be seen that the three main causes of death are Heart Disease, Intra Cranial Lesions, that is Cerebral Haemorrhage, and Cancer, all diseases which, in the most part, affect persons in their later decades of life.

The fact that there were only six deaths amongst infants under one year is distinctly gratifying.

To come now to infectious diseases. Measles was prevalent with 236 cases being reported, almost all in the first four months of the year. Scarlet Fever followed with 72 cases, and Whooping Cough with 64. There were 13 cases of Pneumonia. ~~and five of Poliomyelitis.~~ As a rule the infectious diseases were of a mild type and no deaths were recorded.

One can justifiably conclude then that the health of the district for 1948 was satisfactory,

As regards sanitary circumstances, the year was one of marked importance. The District Council is to be congratulated on the energy with which they have pursued a progressive policy in relation to water supplies, sewage disposal systems and housing. In respect of water supplies, it is most gratifying to be able to record that when the scheme for the supply of the Western Parishes is completed, every village in the district will then have a piped supply except Marston Trussell, and in this village plans are well advanced.

As far as sewerage schemes are concerned, progress was mostly confined to the preparation of schemes, but the Council has evidently no intention of resting content until every village has an adequate and modern disposal system. Some of the Council's existing plants have,

in the past, been allowed to lapse into a state of neglect, and I hope that adequate provision will be made for the supervision and maintenance of new works when these, in due course, are constructed.

In the field of housing, the Council has made an effective start with their post-war programme. The completion of 52 houses making a total of 110 since the beginning of the programme and a further 102 started is creditable. I would, however, respectfully express the hope that the Council will continue to give unremitting attention to this subject. As County Medical Officer of Health, I, in common with many Councillors, receive letters every day and numerous reports from Health Visitors and other social workers, all describing deplorable housing conditions. The County Council has statutory responsibilities for the health of mothers and schoolchildren, but their schemes are bound to come to nothing in respect of those unfortunate people who are still forced to occupy uninhabitable houses. I hope the day is not far distant when the Council will have provided a house for every family and can then begin a strenuous campaign of slum clearance and re-housing, and at the same time, take effective steps to secure the improvement of property which can be made fit at reasonable expense.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

CHARLES MILLIKEN SMITH

County Medical Officer of Health.

SECTION A

NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Area—(in acres) 82,944. The district is almost entirely rural in character, with agricultural and dairy farming as the main industries. In addition open-cast workings for iron-stone are to be found in the vicinity of Brixworth and Pitsford.

Population—The Registrar General has estimated the population for the mid-year 1948 to be 18,020, an increase of 2,280 over the population for the previous year. The natural increase in population the excess of births over deaths, was 50.

Deaths—The total number of deaths assigned to the district for the year was 212 compared with 211 in 1947. The crude death rate based on the mid-year population was 11·76 compared with 13·46 in the previous year. The following table has been compiled for comparison with previous years :—

Brixworth					*Standardised Death Rate*		
Years	*Total*	*Male*	*Female*	*Recorded Rate*	*Brixworth*	*Northamp-tonshire*	*England & Wales*
1943	241	122	119	14·93	*	12·29x	12·10
1944	242	114	128	15·06	*	12·65x	11·60
1945	187	87	100	12·04	*	12·34	11·40
1946	203	96	107	13·01	*	12·00	11·50
1947	211	110	101	13·46	*	12·43	12·00
1948	212	108	104	11·76	*	11·00	10·80

*—Not available. x—Recorded rate.

The following is a list of the causes of death, in accordance with the International List of Causes of Death, 1938 :—

	Causes of Death.	*Male*	*Female*	*Total*
1.	Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fever	—	—	—
2.	Cerebro Spinal Fever	—	—	—
3.	Scarlet Fever	—	—	—
4.	Whooping Cough	—	—	—
5.	Diphtheria	—	—	—
6.	T.B. of Respiratory System	4	4	8
7.	T.B.—other forms	3	1	4
8.	Syphilctic Diseases	—	—	—
9.	Influenza	—	—	—
10.	Measles	—	—	—
11.	Ac. Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	—	—	—
12.	Ac. Inf. Encephalitis	1	—	1
13.	Cancer of Buccal Cavity, Oesphagus (M) and Uterus (F)	1	1	2
14.	Cancer of Stomach and Duodenum	3	3	6
15.	Cancer of Breast	—	4	4
16.	Cancer of all other sites	8	13	21
17.	Diabetes	—	4	4
18.	Intra. Cranial Lesions	17	19	36
19.	Heart Disease	28	27	55
20.	Other disorders of circulatory system	4	5	9
21.	Bronchitis	7	3	10
22.	Pneumonia	3	2	5
23.	Other respiratory disorders	1	1	2
24.	Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	—	—	—
25.	Diarrheoa (under 2 years)	—	—	—
26.	Appendicitis	—	2	2
27.	Other digestive disorders	2	2	4
28.	Nephritis	3	5	8
29.	Puerperal and post abortive sepsis	—	—	—
30.	Other Maternal causes	—	—	—
31.	Premature birth	2	—	2
32.	Congenital Malformation and Birth Injury	4	—	4
33.	Suicide	1	—	1
34.	Road Traffic accidents	2	1	3
35.	Other violent causes	2	1	3
36.	All other causes	12	6	18
		108	104	212

Births—The number of live births assigned to this district was 273, compared with 338 in 1947. The rate per thousand of the population was 15·15, and is 2·75 below the rate for England and Wales. The following table gives comparison over the past five year period :—

Birth Rate 1944-48.

	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Brixworth	20·23	17·9	20·58	21·47	15·15
Northamptonshire	20·07	18·98	19·17	20·42	17·46
England and Wales	17·6	16·1	19·1	20·5	17·90

Still Births—The number of still births during 1948 was eleven (6 male and 5 females). The rates for the past five years are given in the following table (per 1,000 live and still births) :—

Still Birth Rate.

	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Brixworth	13·6	21·05	30·96	11·69	41·9

Illegitimate Births—There were 9 illegitimate births assigned to the district during the year (5 males and 4 females), compared with 23 in 1947. This gives a rate of 32·96.

Maternal Mortality—It is pleasing to record that no deaths occurred from puerperal causes, or conditions allied to childbirth.

Infant Mortality—The number of infants who died before reaching their first birthday was six (all males). One was illegitimate. The causes of death are set out in the table below :—

Causes of Death of Children under One Year.

		Age in Weeks					
	Causes of Death.	—1	—2	—3	—4	5–52	Total
1.	Congenital Malformations	—	—	—	—	—	—
2.	Diseases of Early Infancy—						
	Congenital Debility and Icterus	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Premature Birth	3	—	—	—	—	3
	Injury at Birth	1	—	—	—	—	1
	Atelectasis	1	—	—	—	—	1
	Others	—	—	—	—	—	—
3.	Diseases of Respiratory System	—	—	—	—	—	—
4.	Diseases of Digestive System	—	—	—	—	—	—

Cause of Death	Age in Weeks. —1	—2	—3	—4	5–52	Total
5. Disease of Nervous System	—	—	—	—	—	—
6. Tuberculosis Diseases	—	—	—	—	—	—
7. Infectious Diseases	—	—	—	—	—	—
8. Syphilis	—	—	—	—	—	—
9. Overlaying	—	—	—	—	—	—
10. Other violence	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. All other causes	1	—	—	—	—	—
	6	—	—	—	—	6

Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births.

	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Brixworth	39·91	53	31·15	29·58	43·95
Northamptonshire	20·07	39·17	36·86	35·1	31·67
England and Wales	46	46	43	41	34

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

Laboratory Service—Laboratory work in connection with the diagnosis and control of Infectious Diseases is carried out at the Emergency Public Health Laboratory in Northampton General Hospital.

Diphtheria Antitoxin—A supply of Anti-Toxin was maintained until 5th July, at the Council Offices in accordance with the Diphtheria Anti-Toxin (Outside London) Regulations, 1919. Thereafter the Anti-Toxin was held at the Isolation Hospital, Northampton.

Treatment Centres and Clinics—The following clinics staffed by members of the County Council Staff, are held at the places and dates indicated.

Brixworth Infant Welfare.			3rd Friday	each month—Village Hall			
Welford	,,	,,	4th Wednesday	,,	,,	,,	,,
Moulton	,,	,,	1st Tuesday	,,	,,	,,	,,
Brixworth Ante-Natal Clinic			2nd Friday	,,	,,	,,	,,

Ambulance Services—General medical and surgical cases are removed by the St. John Ambulance Brigade from Northampton. After the appointed day under the National Health Service Act, 1946, namely 5th July, 1948, the Brigade acted as agents of the County Council under the arrangements made under Section 27. Infectious disease cases were, before the appointed day, removed by the Kettering Joint Hospital Board, but therafter the County Council arranged for this work to be done by the St. John Ambulance Brigade.

Nursing in the Home—The County Council became responsible for these duties as from 5th July, 1948.

SECTION C

SANITARY CONDITIONS OF THE DISTRICT.

Water Supplies—Schemes for the provision of piped water supplies throughout the District were advanced further during the year. The Northern parishes scheme to supply Welford, Sulby, Sibbertoft, Clipston, Cold Ashby and East Farndon, proceeded very slowly, but was steadily approaching completion by the end of the year. The scheme for the supply of Kelmarsh, Lamport, Maidwell, Draughton, Arthingworth and Hanging Houghton was commenced, and this too progressed very slowly, but at the end of the year was fairly well advanced. Preliminaries in connection with the scheme for the supply of the Western parishes were completed and the Ministry of Health approval to go to tender was received. By the end of the year tenders had been accepted and submitted to the Ministry for approval, which approval was received early in 1949. With the completion of this scheme every village in the District will have a piped water supply with the exception of Marston Trussell. The scheme for the supply of this village is now in an advanced state of preparation. In last year's annual report a table was included showing for every parish the details of the water supply. Since no scheme was completed during the year, the facts are still as described in last year's table.

Sewage Disposal—No major schemes of sewerage or sewage disposal have been put in hand during the year. The provision of piped water supplies throughout the District as shown in the preceding paragraph will undoubtedly further overload the Council's sewage disposal systems. In accordance with the Council's instructions, their consulting engineers are, as quickly as possible, preparing new schemes of sewerage and sewage disposal in order to follow up the provision of piped water supplies. Schemes were prepared for Cold Ashby, a part of Moulton, Overstone, Welford, Naseby, Walgrave, Scaldwell, Old, Hannington and Holcot, all of which were submitted for the consideration of the Minister. Approval to go to tender for the Cold Ashby scheme was received without the formality of a Public Inquiry, but at the end of the year the Council were still awaiting the Ministry fixing a date, or dates, for Inquiry into the other schemes. Schemes for Clipston, Oxendon, Sibbertoft and East Farndon, were in an advanced state of preparation.

In last year's report there was included a table showing details in respect of each parish of the houses connected to the public sewers. No main scheme of sewerage has been completed during the year, and accordingly, the table has not been repeated since the facts are substantially the same.

Disinfection—Concurrent and terminal disinfection by means of gaseous and liquid disinfectants is carried out in homes where infectious disease is notified. Throughout the year a number of requests for disinfection of premises were received and dealt with.

Disinfestation—In six cases disinfestation of premises was carried out following complaints of their verminous condition.

Eradication of Bed Bugs—No cases of infestation by bed bugs received treatment during the year.

Moveable Dwellings—No licences were granted by the Council under the Public Health Act, 1936, Sec. 269.

Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919—The County Council, as the Authority under the Act, has delegated their powers as provided under Sect. 2 (2) to this Council. A number of rat infestations have been dealt with in conjunction with the County Pests Officer, employed by the Northamptonshire Agricultural Executive Committee. The Council's refuse tips are treated by the Northamptonshire Agricultural Executive Committee as necessary at an annual charge of £5 per tip.

SECTION D

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk and Dairies Order, 1926—The number of cowsheds on the Register at 31st December, 1948, was 187. Periodic inspections were carried out by the Sanitary Inspectors, usually coinciding with the visits for the purpose of milk sampling.

Cowsheds inspected	168
Cowsheds—defects found and remedied	4
No. of milk samples taken	91

Milk Sampling—Samples have been taken from dairies and during the course of delivery to the consumers throughout the year, and submitted to the County Laboratory for tests for cleanliness and keeping qualities.

The test used is the Methylene Blue Reduction Test.

The results were as follows :—

Month	*Number*	*Good*	*Moderate*	*Bad*
January	12	11	—	1
February	6	6	—	—
March	12	11	—	1
April	6	6	—	—
May	12	8	—	4
June	11	7	2	2
July	5	5	—	—
August	6	3	3	—
September	11	6	—	5
October	5	3	2	—
November	—	—	—	—
December	5	3	2	—
TOTALS	91	69	9	13

Food Premises—Food Premises were inspected at frequent intervals throughout the year.

Meat Inspection—Owing to the fact that meat is now slaughtered in Northampton and Market Harborough and sent out to the various butchers within the District, very little meat is now inspected. From time to time unsound meat is reported to the Sanitary Inspector and is then examined.

Careful attention is being paid to the method of delivering meat to the District, in some cases the vans delivering meat have been found to be unsatisfactory, but during the year the general standard of cleanliness has shown some improvement.

SECTION E

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Notification of the following infectious diseases were received during the year. Period distribution and parish distribution tables are to be found at the end of the report.

Disease.	*Male.*	*Female.*	*Total.*	*Rate per 1000 population*	
				Brix-worth	*Eng. and Wales.*
Acute Primary Pneumonia ..	8	5	13	0·70	0·73
Measles	116	110	226	11·54	9·34
Scarlet Fever	40	32	72	3·99	1·73
Erysipelas	3	—	3	0·17	0·21
Whooping Cough ...	31	33	64	3·35	3·42
Cebro Spinal Fever	1	—	1	0·05	0·03
TOTALS....	199	180	379		

Scarlet Fever—Seventy-two cases were reported during the year No deaths were recorded.

Typhoid Fever—No cases were notified during the year.

Diphtheria—There were no cases of Diphtheria during the year.

Diphtheria Immunisation—

Immunisation in relation to the child population.

The following table gives the number of children who had completed a full course of immunisation against Diphtheria up to 31st December, 1948.

Age at 31-12-48 Year Born	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1939-48	Total under 15
Number immunised	4	202	170	181	220	897	979	2653
Estimated mid-year population 1948	1525					2448		3973
Percentage	58					77		66

A comparison with the similar table in 1947 report will show that the figures for the immunisation of the child population show a slight decline, although more infants are being immunised than ever before. The above table does not allow for the numbers of children who may be immunised by general practitioners under private arrangements.

Immunisation is carried out at all the Infant Welfare Centres in the District, viz., Welford, Brixworth, Moulton and also at sessions of school medical inspection when required.

Application for immunisation can be made to the County Council Health Visitor, or arrangements can be made with private general practitioners under the County Council Scheme.

Measles—226 cases were reported during the year, the highest total for many years. The infection was of a mild type and no deaths were reported.

Whooping Cough—64 cases of whooping cough were reported and one death was notified.

Poliomyelitis—No cases of Poliomyelitis were notified during the year.

VITAL STATISTICS—SUMMARY FOR PREVIOUS YEARS.

Year	*Estimated Population*	*Births*		*Deaths*			
				Under 1 Year		*All Ages*	
		No.	*Rate*	*No.*	*Rate*	*No.*	*Rate*
1937	14990	208	13·9		58	193	12·9
1938	14990	208	13·9			169	11·3
1939	14990	243	16·3		28	199	13·0
1940	16170	246	15·2		40·8	210	12·9
1941							
1942	16510	290	17·56		31·03	195	11·8
1943		282	17·47		49·64	241	14·93
1944		325	20·23		39·91	242	15·06
1945	15530	279	17·9		53·0	187	12·04
1946	15600	321	20·58	10	31·15	203	13·01
1947	15740	338	21·47	10	29·58	211	13·46
1948	18020	262	14·54	6	22·90	212	11·76

SUMMARY OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S INSPECTIONS.

Housing	616
Butcher's Shops	54
Fish Shops	3
Bakehouses	30
Shops	3
Factories and Workshops	36
Cowsheds and Dairies	168
Water Supplies	668
Infectious Diseases	92
Verminous Premises	24
Defective Drainage	436
Defective Premises	329
Tents, Vans and Sheds	12
TOTAL	2471

Notices served :—

Informal—Section 92, Public Health Act, 1936	72
Statutory— ,, ,, ,, ,, ...	4

HOUSING.

1. Inspection of Dwelling houses during the year :—

1.	(a) Number of dwelling houses inspected for defects under Public Health or Housing Acts	519
	(b) Inspections made for the purpose	616
2.	(a) Number of dwelling houses inspected and recorded under Housing Consolidated Regs. 1925/32	—
	(b) Inspections made for the purpose	—
3.	Number of dwelling houses found to be in state dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	292
4.	Dwelling houses (exclusive of those under preceding subheading) not in all respects reasonably fit for habitation	227

2. Remedy of Defects during the year without the service of Formal Notice :—

Number of Houses rendered fit in consequence of action by Local Authority or Officers :

Housing Act	—
Public Health Act	104

3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year :—

A. Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 *and* 16 *Housing Act*, 1936 :—

1.	Dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	—
2.	Dwelling houses rendered fit after service of Formal Notice :	
	(a) By Owners....	—
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	—

B. Proceedings under Public Health Acts :—

1.	Dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	27
2.	Dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—	
	(a) By Owners....	19
	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	—

C. Proceedings under Sec. 11 *and* 13 *of the Housing Act*, 1936 :

1.	Dwelling houses in respect of demolition Order	—
	Dwelling houses demolished	—

D. Proceedings under Sec. 12 *of the Housing Act*, 1936 :

1.	Separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	—
	No. of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined	—
(a)	Number of dwellings overcrowded . ..	32
(b)	Number of families dwelling therein	—
(c)	Number of persons dwelling therein	—
(d)	Number of cases of overcrowding reported	1
(e)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved	2
(f)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	—

E. Proceedings under Sections 25 *and* 26 *of Housing Act*, 1936 :

1.	Number of houses dealt with under Section 25	—
2.	Number of Clearance Orders made under Section 26	—
3.	Number of families living in Clearance Areas	—

TUBERCULOSIS.

Age and Sex distribution of Cases and Deaths—1948.

TABLE I

Age Groups.	New Cases				Deaths.			
	Pulmonary.		Other.		Pulmonary.		Other.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
15—....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
20—.... .. .	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
25—....	—	2	—	1	—	1	—	—
35—....	2	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
45—....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
55—....	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
65 and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Age Unknown	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL .	8	4	1	2	3	1	—	1

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

(other than Tuberculosis)

TABLE II.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
Scarlet Fever	10	8	1	5	6	1	1	1	5	14	9	11	72
Whooping Cough	15	4	3	8	6	14	3	5	6	—	—	—	64
Erysipelas	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3
Pneumonia	2	4	—	—	1	—	—	1	2	—	—	3	13
Measles	55	73	29	22	5	4	1	2	2	7	7	19	226
Dysentery Sonne	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cebro Spinal Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
	82	89	33	36	19	19	5	9	16	21	17	33	379

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN PARISHES

Table III.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
1. Althorp	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2. Arthingworth	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. Boughton	14	14	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	5
4. Brampton, Chapel	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5. Brampton, Church	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6. Brington	2	5	—	—	—	7	1	—	—	1	2	—
7. Brixworth	5	1	—	—	3	1	2	1	—	2	3	4
8. Clipston	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9. Cold Ashby	1	10	—	7	1	—	—	—	—	3	3	—
10. Cottesbrooke	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11. Creaton	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
12. Draughton	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
13. East Farndon	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
14. East Haddon	9	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15. Great Oxendon	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16. Guilsborough	3	8	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17. Hannington	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
18. Harlestone	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19. Hazelbeach	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
20. Holcot	3	3	1	—	1	4	—	—	2	—	—	—
21. Holdenby	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
22. Hollowell	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23. Kelmarsh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
24. Lamport	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1
25. Maidwell	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
26. Marston Trussell	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
27. Moulton	11	5	16	3	2	3	2	4	5	2	3	13
28. Naseby	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	3	—	—
29. Old	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
30. Overstone	2	4	1	—	1	3	—	—	3	—	1	2
31. Pitsford	2	—	1	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
32. Ravensthorpe	—	1	7	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
33. Scaldwell	8	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
34. Sibbertoft	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35. Spratton	8	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	4	—	—
36. Sulby	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
37. Thornby	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
38. Walgrave	4	3	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
39. Welford	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	1
	82	89	33	36	19	19	5	9	16	21	17	33

Total number for District — 379.